Meetings

 Ask the leader to make sure that only one person at a time is talking



- Try to position yourself so that you can see as many faces as possible.
- Request a copy of the agenda, minutes and any notes so that you know what topic is coming up next.



Specific Questioning

• If you ask a specific question like:

"Does this train go to Burwood?"

You will get an easy to understand answer such as a specific "yes" or "no".

• But if you ask a more general question such as:

"What train is this?"

You might get a much longer and more confusing answer.

Ten and Taper

Avoid confusion by writing down important points.



Hearing Loss Management Information Series

Better Hearing Australia (Sydney Branch) is a *Volunteer-run* organisation that has been assisting *Hearing Impaired people* for over 70 years.

We offer *advice* and *support* to those whose sense of hearing has deteriorated, and *courses* to help them improve their *communication* skills.

With commitment and effort, young or old can benefit from our programs, resulting in improved self esteem, better relationships with families, and a greater sense of independence and security.

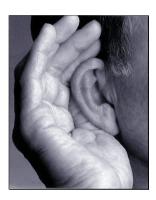
We extend Friendship and Understanding to all our members.

The cost of printing this Brochure was kindly sponsored by

Epping Model Railway Club Inc.



Hearing Tactics



For People with a Hearing Loss

Better Hearing Australia (Sydney Branch) 29 Burwood Road Concord NSW 2137

Phone: (02) 9744 0167
Fax: (02) 9744 7492
TTY: (02) 9744 0124

Email: bhasyd@ozemail.com.au www.betterhearingsydney.org.au





Ease communication problems by changing the surrounding conditions.

I dentify which factors make a situation difficult for you





Utilise a number of strategies to help improve difficult situations.

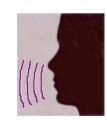
Self Responsibility



Tell people **you have a hearing problem** so that they know why you may not be understanding them.

Monitoring your Voice and Posture

Aim to stand tall and look confident. Speaking a little louder and slowing down your speech may encourage your conversation partner to do the same.



Location, Location, Location!



If possible, position yourself in a quiet part of the room away from competing

Speech (Lip) Reading

Watch the speaker's lip movements and observe facial cues. This will considerably improve your ability to "hear" what others are saying.



Be Assertive and Self Confident

If you are having trouble hearing, try the following:

 Say: "I'm having trouble understanding you because of my hearing loss, but I'll be OK if you speak a little slower."



- Point to your hearing aid. This will demonstrate to people that you are doing something positive about your disability.
- Ask people to face you. This will assist you with your lip-reading and help you to watch the speaker's face for visual cues.

Silence and Observation

A lot of our communication is non-verbal



(facial expressions, gestures and general body language). Sometimes you can tune into a conversation by observation.







Let it Go

You can't hear everything. No one does. Because of background noise, accents and people mumbling or speaking rapidly, even those with good hearing don't catch everything

If you make a Mistake

Don't worry about what people will think of you. Keep a positive attitude, a sense of humour and try to see the funny side of your mistakes! After all, everyone makes mistakes sometimes!



Waiting and Thinking

Sometimes, taking a moment to pause and think about what you have heard can help you to fill in the blanks and work out what you have missed.

Introduce a new Topic

Try introducing your own topic into the conversation. It is generally easier to follow a conversation when you are familiar with the topic and relevant words and issues.

